

Looking Back at Steps Forward: State Solar Policy and Trends

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IREC State Solar Policy and Market Trends Webinar

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DSIRE Solar

<http://www.dsireusa.org/solar/>

DSIRE is a comprehensive source of information on state, local, utility and federal incentives and policies that promote renewable energy and energy efficiency. Established in 1995 and funded by the U.S. Department of Energy, DSIRE is an ongoing project of the N.C. Solar Center and the Interstate Renewable Energy Council.

Choose one or both databases:
 Renewable Energy Energy Efficiency

Federal Incentives

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DSIRE lists a total of **616** Federal, State, Utility and Local Financial Incentives for Solar

- **518** Incentives for PV
- **451** Incentives for Solar Thermal

DSIRE lists a total of **367** Federal, State, Utility, and Local Regulatory Incentives for Solar

- **356** Incentives for PV
- **293** Incentives for Solar Thermal

TOTAL = **983** Incentives for Solar

- **874** Incentives for PV
- **744** Incentives for Solar Thermal



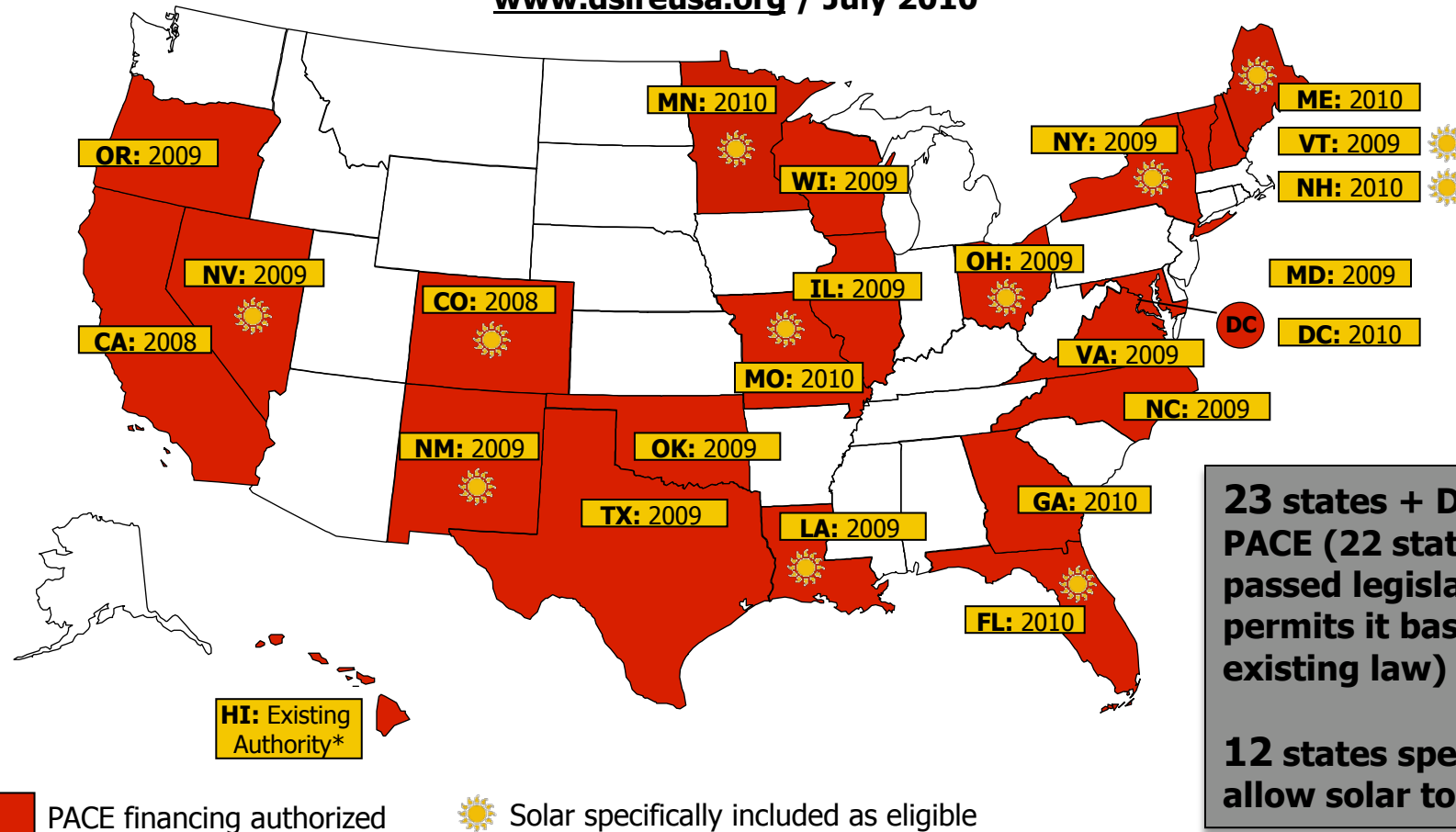
Thinking About Trends...

- PACE financing & solar
- Increasing state focus on solar renewable energy certificates (or equivalent) SRECs as a financial incentive
- Direct solar incentives remain important and continue to evolve
- Progress being made on legal issues surrounding third-party PPAs
- Movers and shakers in net metering and interconnection
- Meter aggregation gaining ground



Property Assessed Clean Energy (PACE)

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23 states + DC authorize PACE (22 states have passed legislation and HI permits it based on existing law)

12 states specifically allow solar to qualify



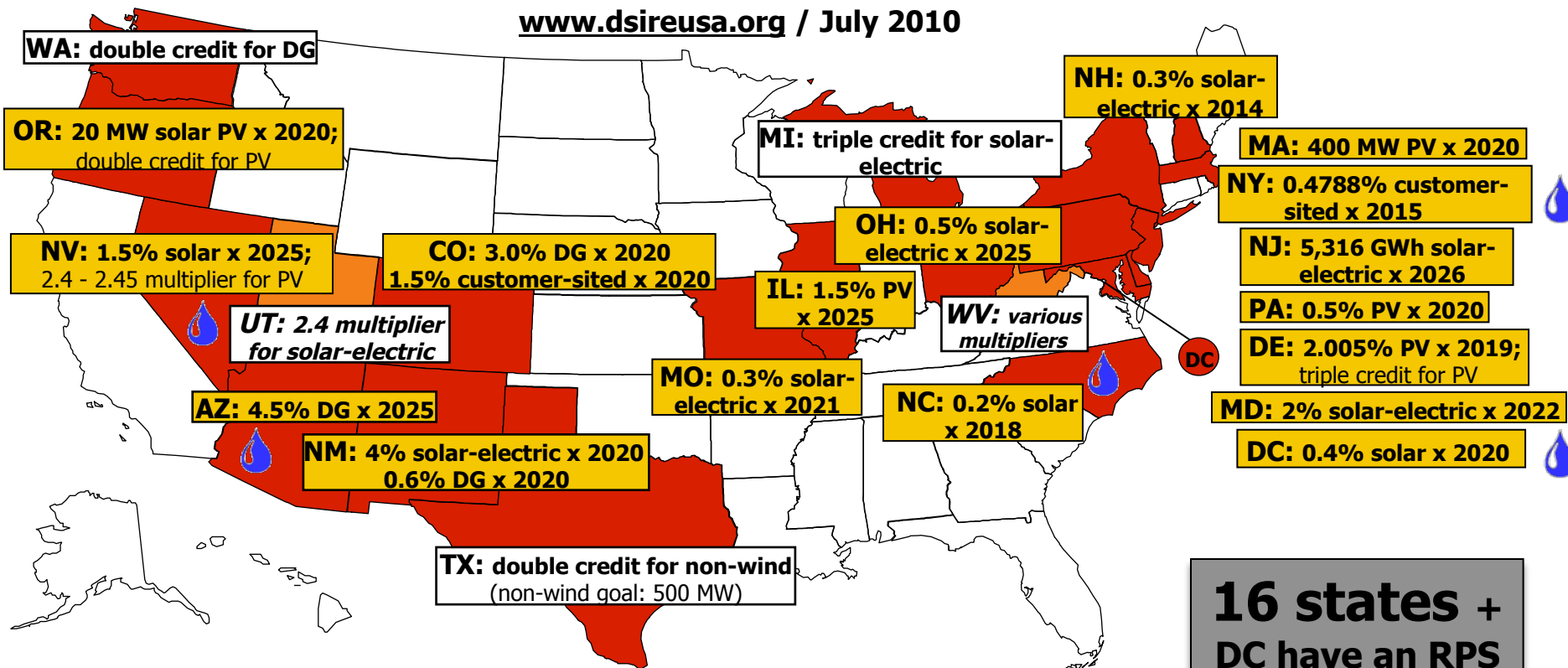
PACE and Solar

- PACE adoptions by year:
 - 2008 – 2 (1 solar)
 - 2009 – 14 (6 include solar)
 - 2010 – 7 (including D.C., 5 include solar)
- So far all programs potentially support renewables, leaving the details to be locally determined.
- DSIRE lists 7 active PACE programs that support renewables
 - California (3), Wisconsin (2), Colorado (1), New York (1)
 - Numerous others under development
- The stance of Fannie Mae and Freddie Mac has created some uncertainties for the future of PACE programs
 - ~50% of mortgages owned or guaranteed



RPS Policies with Solar/DG Provisions

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16 states + DC have an RPS with solar/DG provisions

- State renewable portfolio standard with solar / distributed generation (DG) provision
- State renewable portfolio goal with solar / distributed generation provision
- Solar water heating counts toward solar provision



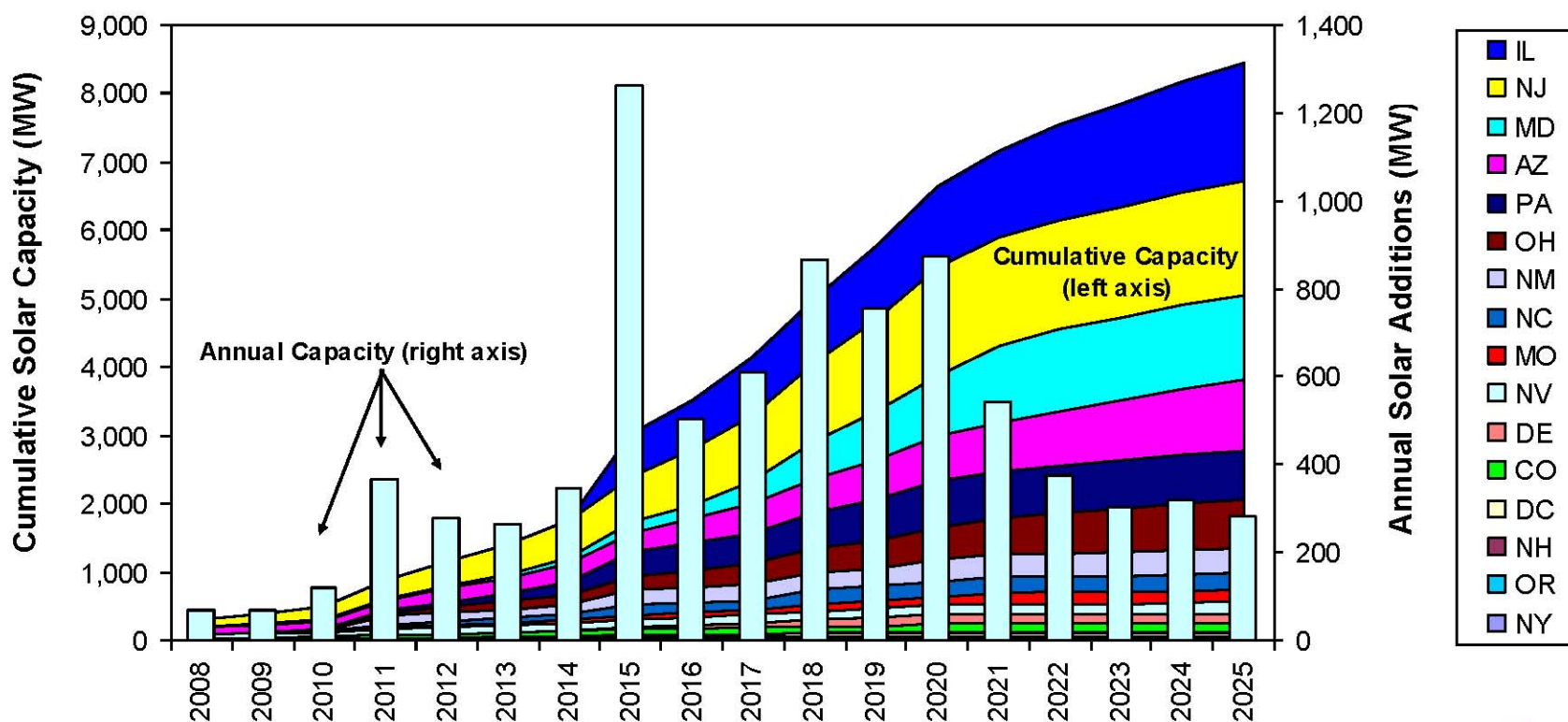
SRECs in Vogue

State	2007 solar/DG requirement	2010 solar/DG requirement	Factor of Increase	Approximate SREC Prices (\$/MWh)
Arizona	0.075%	0.500%	6.67	\$102 - \$182
Colorado	0.120%	0.200%	1.67	\$45 - \$110
Delaware	0.000%	0.014%	N/A	\$300 - \$350
District of Columbia	0.005%	0.028%	5.60	\$290 - \$470
Illinois	0.000%	0.000%	N/A	N/A
Maryland	0.000%	0.025%	N/A	\$310 - \$363
Massachusetts	0.000%	0.068%	N/A	\$300 - \$600 (SACP)
Missouri	0.000%	0.000%	N/A	N/A
Nevada	0.450%	0.600%	1.33	N/A
New Hampshire	0.000%	0.040%	N/A	\$163 (SACP)
New Jersey	0.039%	0.221%	5.62	\$450 - \$650
New Mexico	0.000%	0.000%	N/A	\$100 - \$200
New York	0.023%	0.135%	5.87	N/A
North Carolina	0.000%	0.020%	N/A	\$290 - \$500
Ohio	0.000%	0.010%	N/A	\$205 - \$470
Pennsylvania	0.001%	0.012%	9.23	\$300 - \$400

Data Sources: PJM-EIS GATS, Xcel Energy, Arizona Public Service, Tucson Electric Power, Public Service New Mexico, El Paso Electric



Solar/DG Projections



Source: Ryan Wiser, LBL, presented at National Summit on RPS, November 2009



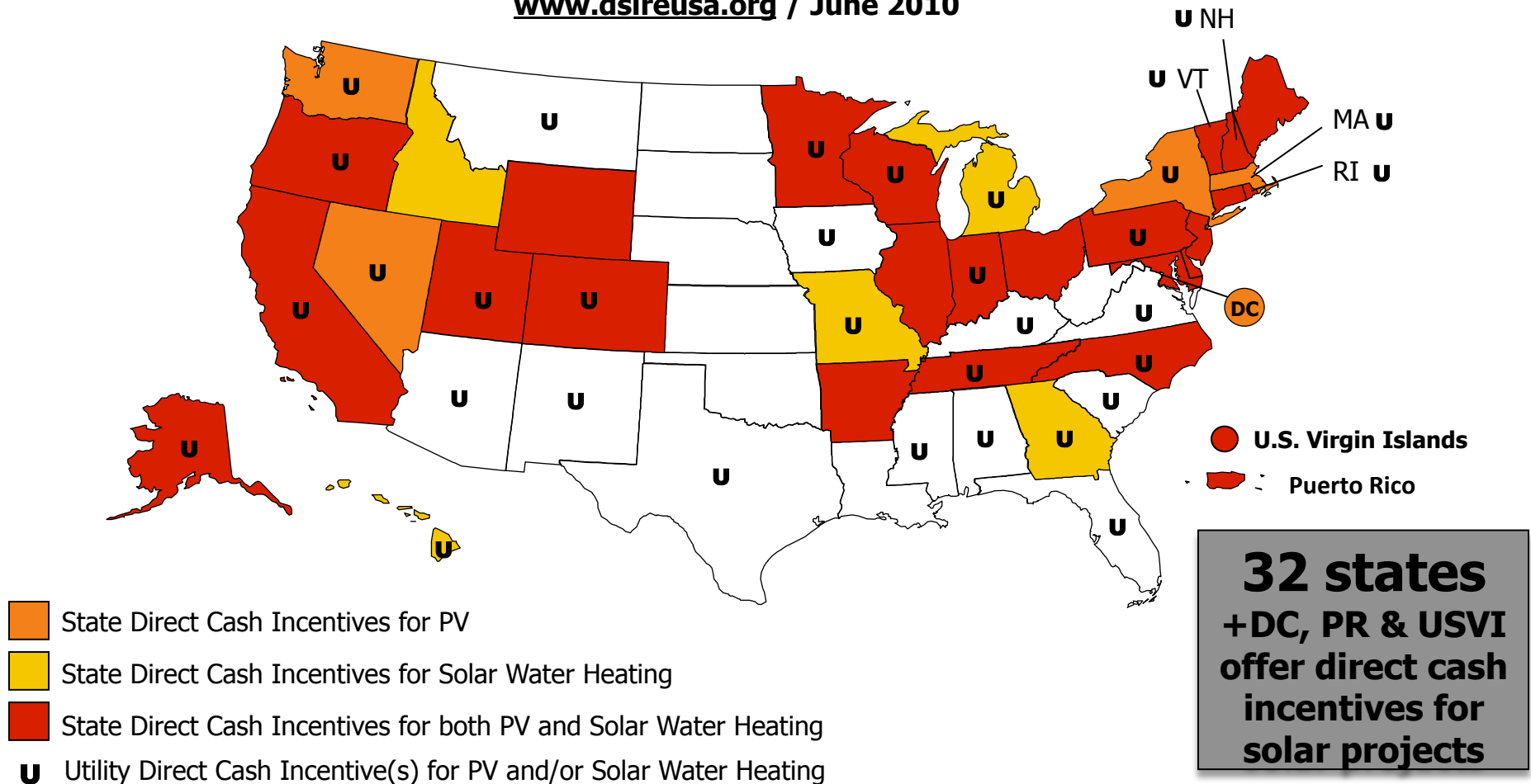
SREC Trends

- Increasing emphasis on SRECs as a financial incentive
- Increasingly sophisticated market involvement from states.
 - NJ finance programs, MA program design, DE SEU, MO regulations
- Improving price transparency
- Web based forums connecting buyers and sellers (Bulletin Boards, privately run auctions)
- Tracking system compatibility and inter-state trading



Direct Cash Incentives for Solar Projects

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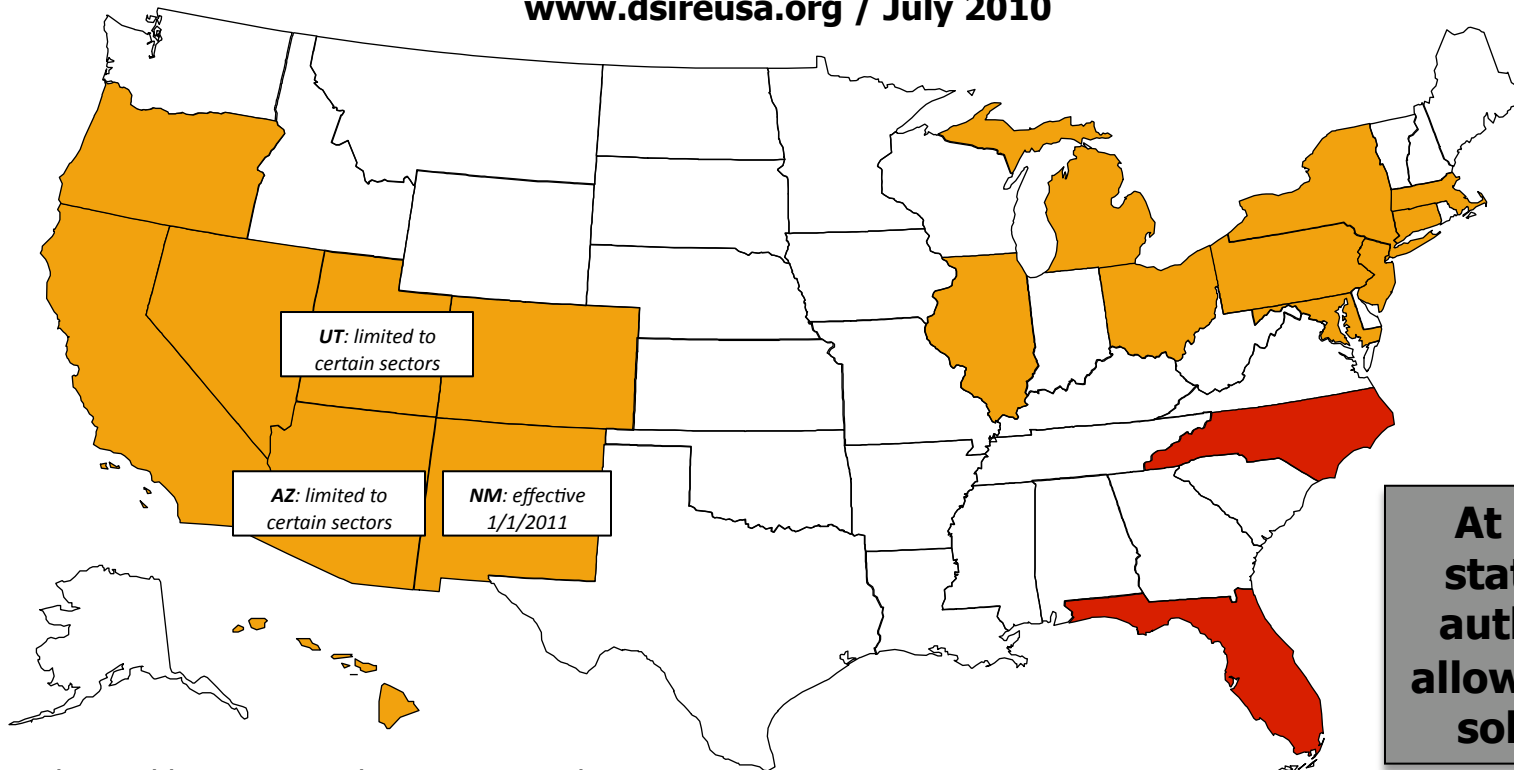
Evolving Cash Incentives

- Rebates remain important, particularly for small systems
- Declining rebate amounts, in some cases to less than \$1/watt due to declining costs, availability of other incentives, program demand, and limited funding
- In some cases greater predictability and transparency (hopefully) surrounding incentive level reductions
 - declining block structure, funding periods, tiered structures
 - California CSI, New Jersey, Pennsylvania, New York CST, Massachusetts
- ARRA funds create new opportunities, but often these are short-lived.
 - reducing queues, new programs, customer eligibility
- Feed-in tariff prospects remain somewhat murky...






3rd-Party Solar Power Purchase Agreements (PPAs)

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At least 17 states + PR authorize or allow 3rd-party solar PPAs

-  Authorized by state or otherwise currently in use
-  Apparently disallowed by state or otherwise restricted by legal barriers
-  Status unclear or unknown

 Puerto Rico

Note: This map is intended to serve as an unofficial guide; it does not constitute legal advice. Seek qualified legal expertise before making binding financial decisions related to a 3rd-party PPA. See following slide for authority references.



Up and Comers, Net Metering

2007 Top 20

State	2007 Rank	2009 Rank	2007 NM Grade	2009 NM Grade
New Jersey	1	4	A	A
Colorado	2	1	A	A
Pennsylvania	3	7	A	A
Maryland	4	3	A	A
California	5	6	A	A
Oregon	6	6	B	A
Delaware	7	2	B	A
Iowa	8	32	B	C
Nevada	9	14	B	B
Connecticut	10	10	B	A
Ohio	11	17	B	B
New Mexico	12	20	B	B
Arkansas	13	31	C	C
New Hampshire	14	29	C	C
Rhode Island	15	21	C	B
Hawaii	16	28	C	C
Maine	17	16	C	B
Louisiana	18	26	C	B
Virginia	19	13	C	B
North Dakota	20	41	C	D

2009 Top 20

State	2009 Rank	2007 Rank	2007 NM Grade	2009 NM Grade
Colorado	1	2	A	A
Delaware	2	7	B	A
Maryland	3	4	A	A
New Jersey	4	1	A	A
California	5	5	A	A
Oregon	6	6	B	A
Pennsylvania	7	3	A	A
Florida	8	--	--	A
Utah	9	35	F	A
Connecticut	10	10	B	A
Arizona	11	--	--	A
Massachusetts	12	22	C	B
Virginia	13	19	C	B
Nevada	14	9	B	B
Michigan	15	30	D	B
Maine	16	17	C	B
Ohio	17	11	B	B
Kentucky	18	29	D	B
Wyoming	19	31	D	B
New Mexico	20	12	B	B

Source: Freeing the Grid 2007 & 2009. Network for New Energy Choices



Up and Comers, Interconnection

2007 Top 20

State	2007 Rank	2009 Rank	2007 IC Grade	2009 IC Grade
New Jersey	1	6	B	B
Arizona	2	16	B	C
California	3	12	C	B
Ohio	4	18	C	C
Texas	5	27	C	D
New York	6	8	C	B
Colorado	7	14	C	B
Oregon	8	3	C	B
Massachusetts	9	7	C	B
Georgia	10	32	C	F
New Mexico	11	9	C	B
Vermont	12	17	C	C
Minnesota	13	29	C	F
Rhode Island	14	42+	D	--
Wisconsin	15	24	D	D
West Virginia	16	--	D	--
Arkansas	17	36	D	F
New Hampshire	18	21	D	C
Virginia	19	1	D	A
Iowa	20	28	D	F

2009 Top 20

State	2009 Rank	2007 Rank	2007 IC Grade	2009 IC Grade
Virginia	1	19	D	A
Illinois	2	--	--	B
Oregon	3	8	C	B
D.C.	4	28	F	B
Maryland	5	21	D	B
New Jersey	6	1	B	B
Massachusetts	7	9	C	B
New York	8	6	C	B
New Mexico	9	11	C	B
Pennsylvania	10	25	D	B
South Dakota	11	--	--	B
California	12	3	C	B
Nevada	13	--	--	B
Colorado	14	7	C	B
North Carolina	15	27	F	B
Arizona	16	2	B	C
Vermont	17	12	C	C
Ohio	18	4	C	C
Florida	19	--	--	C
Michigan	20	23	D	C

Source: Freeing the Grid 2007 & 2009. Network for New Energy Choices



I Want to Net Meter Too!

- Meter aggregation remains unaddressed in most state net metering policies, but it is becoming more common.
 - DSIRE lists 11 states as allowing some form of meter aggregation. Several other pending proposals also exist
 - Other utilities may offer programs with similar benefits to their customers (e.g., SMUD)
- Benefits may include: cost advantages, increased flexibility for certain customers, better equity in net metering opportunities among customers.
- Actual benefits depend on the “flavor” ...



Questions??

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